LESSONS LEARNED FROM THE NIH BPCA PROGRAM

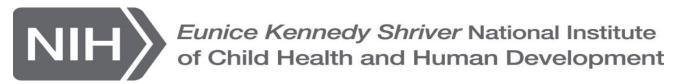
National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine

Committee on Developing a Framework to Address Legal, Ethical, Regulatory, and Policy Issues for Research Specific to Pregnant and Lactating Persons

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September 27, 2023

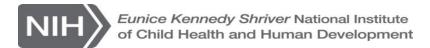




What is BPCA and Why Is It Needed?

- BPCA: Best Pharmaceuticals for Children Act 2002
- Historically inclusion of kids in drug development was avoided because of safety concerns. Kids were studied after adults, extrapolation was preferred if possible, and RCTs were limited.
- New approach needed because kids are protected <u>through</u> research not from research
- Great strides made in improving health and knowledge through pediatric research and care through legislative advocacy. However:
 - On-patent licensed drugs provide narrow indications and limited information in kids
 - Off-patent licensed drugs had limited PK, PD, safety information for kids despite having indications







BPCA Congressional Mandate

BPCA Legislation

FDA

(On-Patent)

Pharmaceutical Companies' Drug Studies

Pediatrics Division Oversight

NIH

(Off-Patent)

Prioritization/Dissemination
Clinical Trials (Sponsor/Submit)
Pharmacology Training
Translational Research





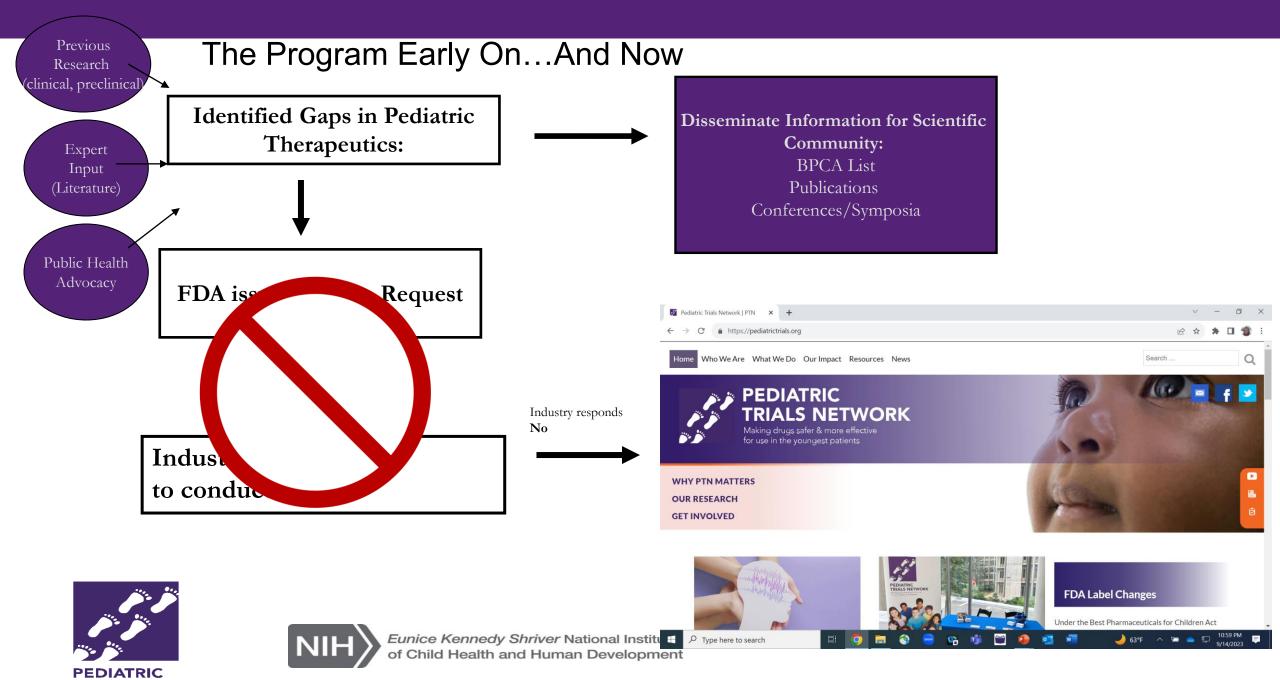
NIH 409I Off-Patent Pediatric Drug Development Program

Established ~2003/ Revamped in 2010

TRIALS NETWORK

for use in the youngest patients





TRIALS NETWORK

Making drugs safer & more effective
for use in the youngest patients

What is the BPCA Clinical Program?

An *infrastructure* to conduct trials that impact pediatric labeling and *resource* to guide clinical practice and improve child health.







BPCA Clinical Program Structure



Clinical Coordination Center

Duke Clinical Research Institute

Pharmacology expertise, clinical trial design and implementation, IRB approvals, drug distribution



Data Coordination Center

The Emmes Company, LLC

Data management, regulatory support, statistical expertise, data quality and safety, site monitoring



Logistics Support

Infinity Conferences Group, Inc.

Technical expertise, website management, program dissemination





Pediatric Trials Network CCC Roles

Program Management and Clinical Operations Core

- Protocol development
- Network Management
- Therapeutic area experts
- Operation staff

Site Selection

- Potential list of investigator
- Feasibility Survey
- Site selection visits
- Official selection of sites
- Establish timelines for site activation
- Requalification if change in site PI/equipment/facilities

Contracts

- Responsible for all contract and budget negotiations with sites
- Provide sites a copy of executed contract(s)

Site Training/Clinical Support

- Provide protocol training
- Resource for clinical or protocol questions
- Conduct annual protocol training visits
- Communicate updates to sites via site wide calls, newsletters, study memos, etc.

Enrollment

- Review enrollment expectations
- Gather information on challenges of enrollment
- Determine strategies for enrollment / suggest enhancements

Vendor Management

- Labs
- WCG Central IRB
- Other vendors



Pediatric Trials Network DCC Roles

Data Management

- Database creation and management
- Data entry training
- Data collection
- Cleaning and analysis

Regulatory Management

- Regulatory document collection
- Site activation
- Informed Consent/Assent review and approval
- Trial Master File
- Regulatory review and oversight
- Submissions to regulatory organizations

Safety

- Review and oversight
- Development of the Safety Monitoring Plan
- Ongoing safety monitoring
- SAE management and reporting
- DMC management

Site Monitoring

- Conduct interim, closeout and for-cause visits
- Generate reports
- Work with sites to resolve action items
- Work with sites on Corrective Action and Preventive Action (CAPA) as needed
- Ensure correct implementation of study procedures

Communications

- Through the DCC website:
- Serves as a central location for all Network and study communications & materials
- Includes: conference calls and the dissemination of materials and correspondence (e.g., status and milestones)



Scope of the PTN

- Leaders in practical innovation in pharmacology focused trials
 - Master Protocols
 - Opportunistic Designs (POPS, CUDDLE)
- Various clinical settings
 - Inpatient
 - PICU
 - Outpatient
 - NICU
- Special populations
 - Neonates
 - IDeA states
 - Children with Down syndrome
- Therapeutic agnostic





BPCA Programmatic Successes Since 2002

BPCA 2002 - 2007

57 priority pharmaceuticals identified

6 Clinical Studies performed

0 FDA submissions

2 label UPDATES

for use in the youngest patients

BPCA 2007 - 2012

40 priorities identified

10 clinical studies performed

3 (Legacy Trials)

1 Label change

BPCA 2012 - 2017

36 priorities identified

13 Clinical Studies performed

7 FDA CSR submissions

4 Label changes

BPCA 2017 – 2023

33 priorities identified

17 Clinical Studies performed

13 FDA CSR submissions

12 Label changes

To Date:

160+ Priorities

46 CTs 62 INDs 1K, 1Q 26 CSRs 19 Labels



A project of the Best Pharmaceuticals for Children Act

BPCA by the Numbers





















BPCA Contribution to Pediatric Drug Development

- Diverse Study Designs (shared thru publications)
 - Small PK (5) ACY01, CLN01, MET01, MTH01, PAN01
 - Mid-range PK/Dose Finding/Safety Studies (8) AED01, Baclofen, DGX01, HTN01, HUB01, SIL01, STA01, TBS01, Meropenem, SNP1
 - Safety Studies (5) ABS01, FUR01, LAP01, SIL02, SIL03
 - Efficacy (7) TIM01, Status 1 & 2, COLT 1 & 2, Sedation, SNP2
 - Master Protocols (5) ANA01, BMS01, BMS02, POP01, POP02
 - <u>Device Studies</u> (4) TAP01, TAP02, TAP03, Positron
 - Retrospective Chart Reviews (5) ABS02, ACY02, AMP01, CAF01, DPD01



Italics indicates Legacy (non-PTN) study

POP02: PK, PD, and Safety Profile of Understudied Drugs Administered to Children per Standard of Care

- Example of a Master Protocol design used by the Network.
- The study began in 2020; Enrollment goal is 5000 total patients across cohorts and drugs of interest.
- Eligible patients can be enrolled if given one of the following drugs per standard of care for a qualifying diagnosis:
 - Aminocaproic acid
 - Amiodarone
 - Bosentan
 - Budesonide
 - Cefdinir
 - Cefepime
 - Ceftazidime
 - Clindamycin
 - Clobazam
 - Dexamethasone
 - Dexmedetomidine
 - Dextroamphetamine/ Amphetamine

- Fosfomycin
- Furosemide Gabapentin
- Guanfacine
- Hydrocortisone
- Lábetalol
- Meropenem
- Metformin
- Milrinone
- Nalbuphine
- Nicardipine
- Nifedipine
- Oseltamivir

- Oxycodone
- Risperidone
- Sertraline
- Sevelamer Carbonate /
- Sevelamer
 Hydrochloride

 Spironolactone Sevelamer
- Terbutaline
- Tranexamic acid
- Voriconazole
- Zolpidem
- Azithromycin
- Lopinavir/Ritonavir

- Ribavirin
- Tocilizumab
- Anakinra
- Aspirin
- Canakinumab
- Colchicine
- Interferon
- Remdesivir
- Ruxolitinib
- Sarilumab

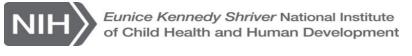




BPCA Contribution to Pediatric Drug Development

- 30+ Datasets on NICHD Data and Specimen Hub (DASH)
- >100 publications in various journal
- >100 Drug Methods developed (available on PTN website)
- Study summaries and Patient testimonials (available on PTN website)

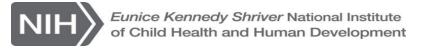




What we have learned

- Kids need to be at the table (at least thought of in early phases)
- Sustainable Infrastructure important to success
- Innovative and Practical approaches to trial designs work (de-risk trials)
- Clear and frequent communication/collaboration with FDA necessary





What still needs to be done...

- Maximize and Leverage the Legislative and Regulatory Wins:
 - More Focused legislations such as RACE
 - Evidence generation for off-label use
- Address Remaining Challenges:
 - Studies in Special populations, including neonates and orphan designations
 - Limitations in patient and staffing numbers, continuing the pipeline of experts
 - EHR reform for real-world data (RWD)/real-world evidence (RWE) to FDA
- Potential Solutions and Priorities:
 - Monetizing the benefits of research in kids
 - Maximizing the inclusion of kids holistically in the discussion and design of research
 - Training the next generation
 - Improve the pipeline of researchers, clinicians, and patient advocates
 - Training programs that are multi-dimensional including hubs affiliated with NIH networks, industry, FDA fellowships,
 - See Research as a Partnership
 - What is important to the community? Include from the beginning and report back
 - Leveraging existing data and resources to minimize the burden of trials (decentralized trials)
 - Consider Precision medicine approaches



More information

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- www.bpca.nichd.nih.gov
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