

Social perceptions of mCDR

Marine Carbon Dioxide Removal Standing Committee National Academies of Science, Engineering and Medicine Meeting 2

Dr. Christine Merk

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Protests against marine CDR projects

nature

Published: 05 September 2002

Norway sinks ocean carbon study

Jim Giles



Published: 27 June 2002

Ocean carbon study to quit Hawaii

Virginia Gewin

Nature 417, 888(2002) | Cite this article



World's biggest geoengineering experiment 'violates' UN rules

Controversial US businessman's iron fertilisation off west coast of Canada contravenes two UN conventions

- What is geoengineering?
- Canadian government 'knew of plans to dump iron into the Pacific'

Iron-dumping ocean experiment sparks controversy

Canadian foundation says its field research could boost fisheries in Chile, but researchers

doubt its motives.

Jeff Tollefson

23 May 2017



https://www.nature.com/news/2009/090109/full/news.2009.13.html; https://www.nature.com/news/iron-dumping-ocean-experiment-sparks-controversy-1.22031; https://www.theguardian.com/environment/2012/oct/15/pacific-iron-fertilisation-geoengineering; https://www.nature.com/articles/419006b; https://www.nature.com/articles/417888b https://www.hteguardian.com/uk-news/2023/apr/17/protesters-urge-caution-over-st-ives-climate-trial-amid-chemical-plans-for-bay-planetary-technologies.

Published online 14 January 2009 | Nature | doi:10.1038/news.2009.26



Ocean fertilization experiment suspended

German science ministry demands environmental assessment before nutrient dumping can begin.

Quirin Schiermeier

The German science ministry has suspended a planned Indo-German ocean fertilization





Protesters urge caution over St Ives climate trial amid chemical plans for bay

Campaigners worry about scheme's impact on marine ecosystem but Planetary Technologies says concerns misplaced



Hundreds of people gather to voice their concerns over a proposed carbon dioxide removal

Three dimensions of social acceptability



Socio-political acceptability

Of technologies and policies by

- Publics
- Key stakeholders
- Policy makers

Local community acceptability

- Procedural justice
- Distributional justice

Market acceptability by

- Consumers
- Investors
- Intra-firm

Voluntary vs compulsory market

Modified based on Wüstenhagen, Rolf; Wolsink, Maarten; Bürer, Mary Jean (2007): Social acceptance of renewable energy innovation. An introduction to the concept. In: Energy Policy 35 (5), S. 2683-2691. DOI: 10.1016/j.enpol.2006.12.001.

State of research on public perceptions of mCDR



- Mostly on terrestrial CDR
- Recent rise in publications on OAE (<10 studies)
- Geographical focus on Global North
- Except for Blue Carbon Ecosystems (~45 studies)

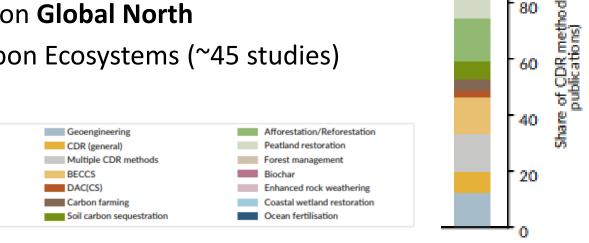


Figure 6.1 Overview of the public perceptions literature on carbon dioxide removal (CDR) from the systematic map. Publications by CDR method and year (top), study location by region (right). Carbon farming here refers to a cluster of CDR methods that can be applied in gariculture such as soil carbon sequestration, biochar and garoforestry, BECCS = bioenergy with carbon capture and storage; DAC(CS) = direct air capture (with or without carbon storage) Smith, S. M. et al. (2024). https://www.stateofcdr.org, doi:10.17605/OSF.IO/QN6FV

Public perceptions of mCDR



- Respondents prefer cutting emissions
- Land-based methods perceived more positively than ocean-based
- Blue carbon management strongly preferred over alkalinity enhancement, ocean fertilization, upwelling, and sinking macroalgae
- CDR methods **evaluated by associations** to existing experiences and events (aquaculture, marine pollution, freshwater liming, mining, fertilization)
- Participants are concerned about controlability, feasibility at scale, and environmental side-effects

Andersen et al. (2024)

Results on deliberation on the socio-political level



- Deliberation reduces uncertainty but does not change perceptions significantly
- Limited interest in participating in public consultations

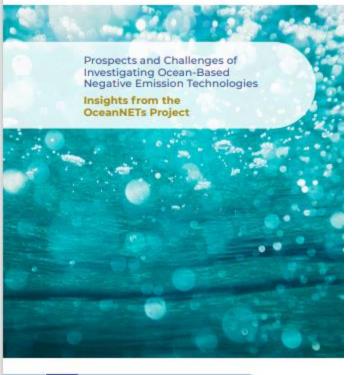
Andersen et al. (2024), Kuhn et al. (2025)

Future research needs



- Exploring perceptions of new, more realistic deployment scenarios (e.g.
 Coastal Enhanced Weathering, sinking Sargassum, or wastewater treatment)
- Shift toward local acceptability with research on open-ended engagement processes
- 3. Stronger integration of governance research with societal acceptability research to assess **political feasibility**



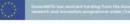








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Macroalgae Sinking **Blue Carbon mBECCS** macroalgae **Ecosystems** farming CCS as a Waste dumping Natural Aquaculture climate at sea beach wrack solution Compensation Innovation of past harm Uncontrollable Monoculture Risky Pollution Leakage from Impermanence Invasive of storage storge site species Human interventions gone wrong

Andersen et al. (2024)

Ocean fertilization

Marine pollution

Feasibility
Controllability

Artificial upwelling

Offshore wind energy

Feasibility Scalability

OAE

Marine pollution Freshwater liming

Additionality
Mining
Energy footprint
Controllability
Risky & costly
not environmentally
friendly or feasible







Table 1, OceanNets Synthesis Report





Deliberative survey (D3.4)

- Deliberation reduces uncertainty but does not change perceptions significantly
- Land-based methods perceived more positively than ocean-based
- Dominant narratives: technology leadership vs. fragility of nature

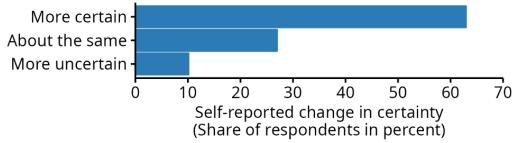


Figure 5: Do you feel more certain or more uncertain about your views on different methods of removing CO_2 from the air after you participated in the deliberation? D3.4