



UNIVERSITY OF
BIRMINGHAM

Examining GLP-1 Receptor Agonists for CNS Disorders ***National Academies of Science workshop***

September 10th 2024 Washington D.C.

Professor Alex Sinclair
University of Birmingham

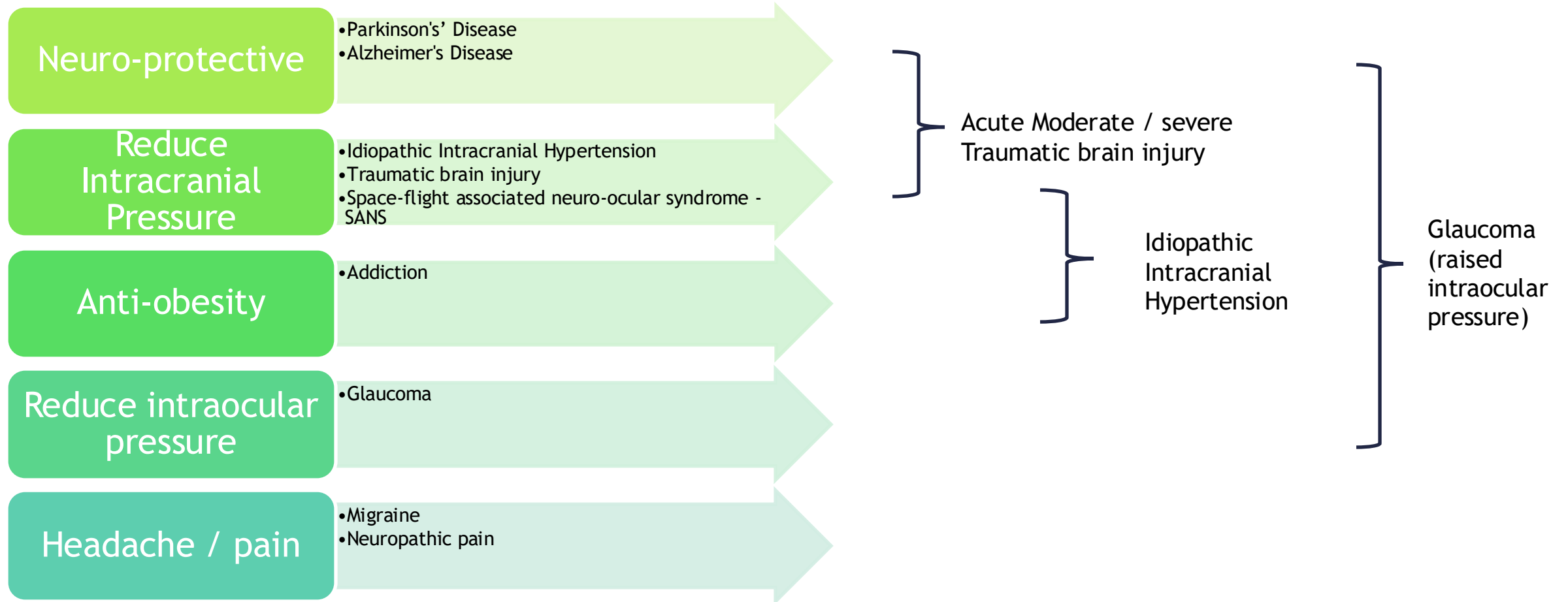
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Conflicts

Advisory Boards	Orion Pharma (migraine therapeutic development)
Speaker	Nil last 3 years
Consultant	Medical Doctor, Department of Neurology, University Hospital Birmingham NHS Foundation Trust
Grant funding (active)	Department of Defence, US (PI 100%) £12,734,868 (2023 - 2030) MOD (PI 100%) £3,986,882 (2021-2024) NIHR HTA (PI 100%) £1,517,723 (2021-2027) Jules Thorne Award (PI 100%) £1,700,000 (2021-2026)
Other	Vertex Pharmaceuticals, consulting work Previous (2019 - 2022) Director and Chief Scientific Officer (CSO) with Shares at Invex Therapeutics (University spin out company developing GLP-1RA for Idiopathic Intracranial Hypertension)

Scoping the effects of GLP-1RA in CNS

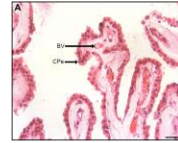


Synergistic actions of GLP-1RA → broadens potential clinical utility

GLP-1 R agonist reduce ICP

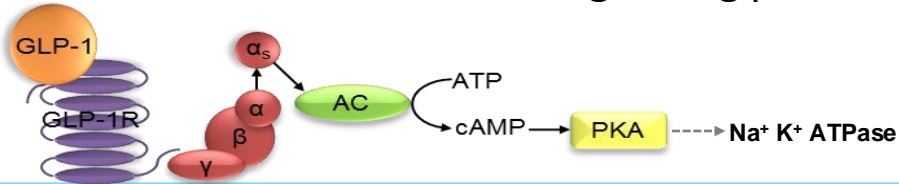
GLP-1R expression

- Glucagon like peptide-1 (GLP-1) receptor expression in the choroid plexus



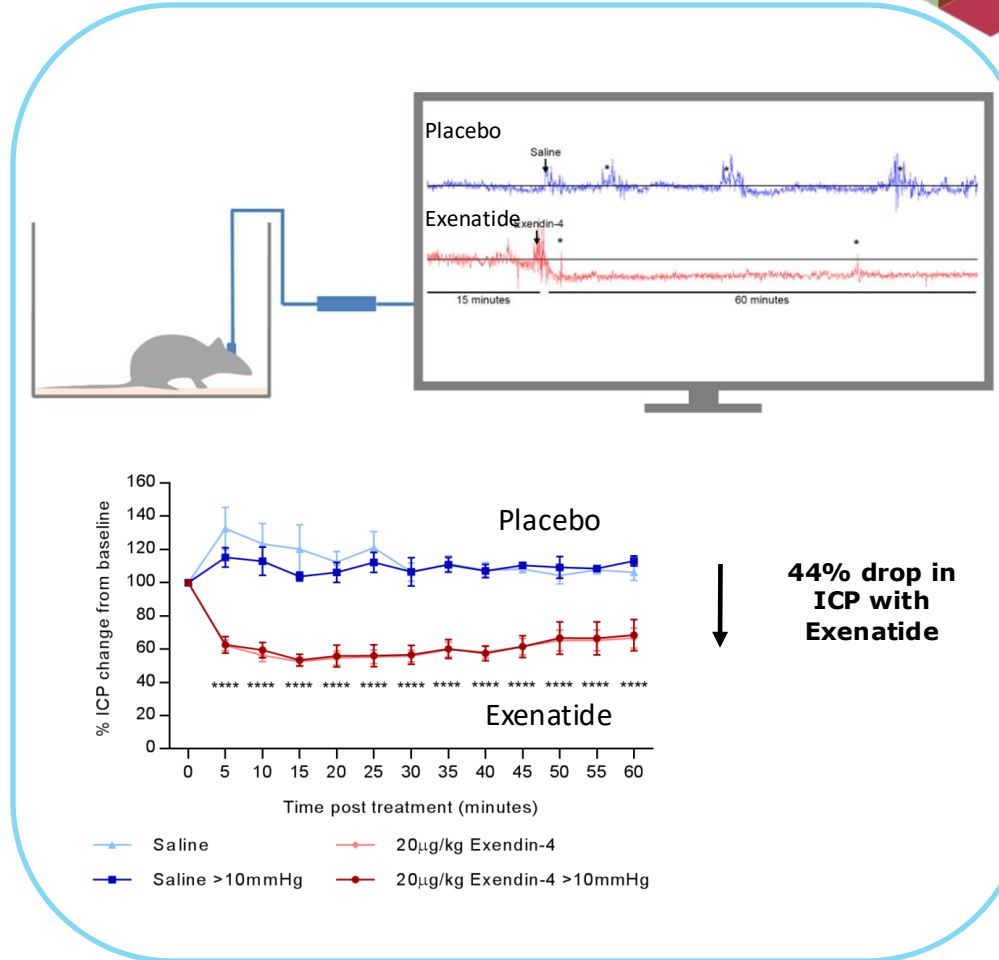
In vitro

- In vitro work established the signalling pathway



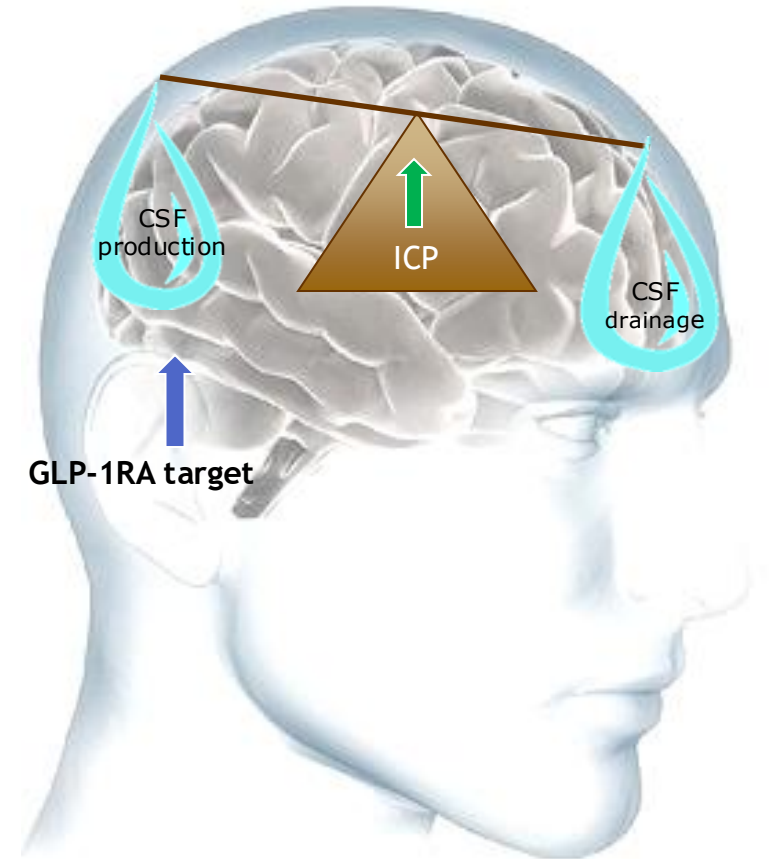
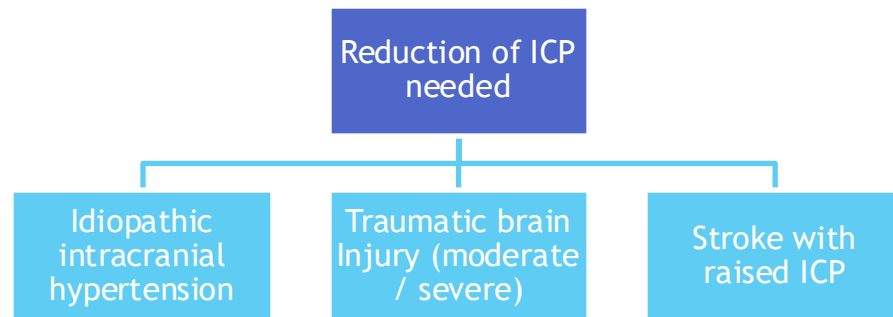
In vivo

- ICP reduction
- Superior to existing drugs in vivo
- Dose response ✓



GLP-1 to reduce intracranial pressure

- Irrespective of the underlying cause of the raised ICP
 - GLP-1RA reduced ICP



- ICP is dependent on maintaining brain volume → depends on CSF volume, blood volume, tissues volume within the limitations of the rigid skull
- Reducing CSF secretion reduces ICP

Idiopathic intracranial hypertension

Likely metabolic aetiology →
XS androgens

Women with
obesity after
puberty

Raised
intracranial
pressure

Visual loss (25%
blindness) +
headaches

Pre-
clinical
data

- GLP-1R expression in choroid plexus epithelium
- GLP-1RA reduce intracranial pressure
- Dose response and half life
- Superior to existing drugs in vivo

Botfield H et al. Sci Trans med 2017

Human
data

- Phase 2 Randomised Controlled trial
- Significant reduction in ICP
 - (independent of weight loss)
- Significant reduction headache frequency
- Safe and well tolerated

Mitchell et al. Brain 2023
Krajnc N et al. J Headache Pain 2023

Headache and Migraine

Wealth of data to demonstrate →

Trigeminal-vascular
activation

Release of
calcitonin gene
related peptide

Central
sensitization +
chronic headaches

Pre-
clinical
data

- GLP-1R expression in trigeminocervical complex
- GLP-1RA reduced pain by stimulating IL-10 in migraine mouse model

Jing F et al. J headache Pain 2021

Jing F et al. Neurosci Lett 2023

****Halloum W et al. J Headache Pain 2024 (review)*

Human
data

- Open label migraine patients with obesity (n=26), reduced headache frequency not BMI.

*Braca S et al Migraine Trust International Symposium
conference abstract Sept 2024*



Neuropathic pain - (chronic)

Wealth of data to demonstrate →

Causes: Diabetic,
metabolic, injury

Inflammation

Chronic pain

Pre-
clinical
data

- GLP-1R agonists activate GLP-1R on microglia in spinal dorsal horn
- Increased IL-10 and reduced inflammatory markers
- GLP-1RA reduced neuropathic pain and pain signalling in mice models
- GLP-1RA mediates β -endorphins and μ receptors in neurones

Human
data

- Nil.....

Gong N et al. NeuroSci 2014

Zhong K et al Neurol Sci Neurophysiol 2024

Ma L et al. NeuroPlast 2021

Xu M et al. Br J Pharmacol 2017

****Halloum W et al. J Headache Pain 2024 (review)*

Traumatic Brain Injury

Wealth of data to demonstrate →

Raised
intracranial
pressure

Inflammatory
cascade and
secondary injury

Brain cell death
& poor outcomes

Pre-
clinical
data

- *Neuroprotective effects in moderate TBI*
- GLP-1RA improved function outcomes in rodents
- Attenuated inflammation
- Improved cognitive recovery

Human
data

- Nil.....

Zang J. et al. Int Immunopharmacol 2020
Chen H et al. Sci Rep 2018
Eakin K et al. PLOS one 2013
Rahmany L et al. Age (dordr) 2012
Tweedie D et al. Exp neurol 2013
Li Y et al. J Neurochem 2010



Glaucoma

Wealth of data to demonstrate →

Raised
intraocular
pressure

Retinal ganglion
cell death

Optic nerve
atrophy and
visual loss

Pre-
clinical
data

- GLP-1RA actions in the retinal ganglion cells of optic nerve
 - Anti-inflammatory
 - Anti-oxidative stress
 - Reduced apoptosis

Sterling J et al. Cell Rep 2020
Lawrence E et al. Front Cell NeuroSci 2023

Human
data

- Retrospective case review (n=1961 + 1737) demonstrated lower risk on glaucoma in those on GLP-1RA
- Lower IOP after glaucoma surgery (retrospective cohort study)

Sterling J et al. Br J Ophthalmology 2023
Niazi et al. Ophthalmology 2024
Hallaj et al. MedRxiv pre print 2024

Opportunities - GLP-1R agonist in the brain

Diabetes and Obesity “tip of the iceberg”



Anti-obesity drug

Type 2 Diabetes mellitus



Raised Intracranial pressure

Idiopathic intracranial hypertension
Traumatic brain injury



Headache & migraine

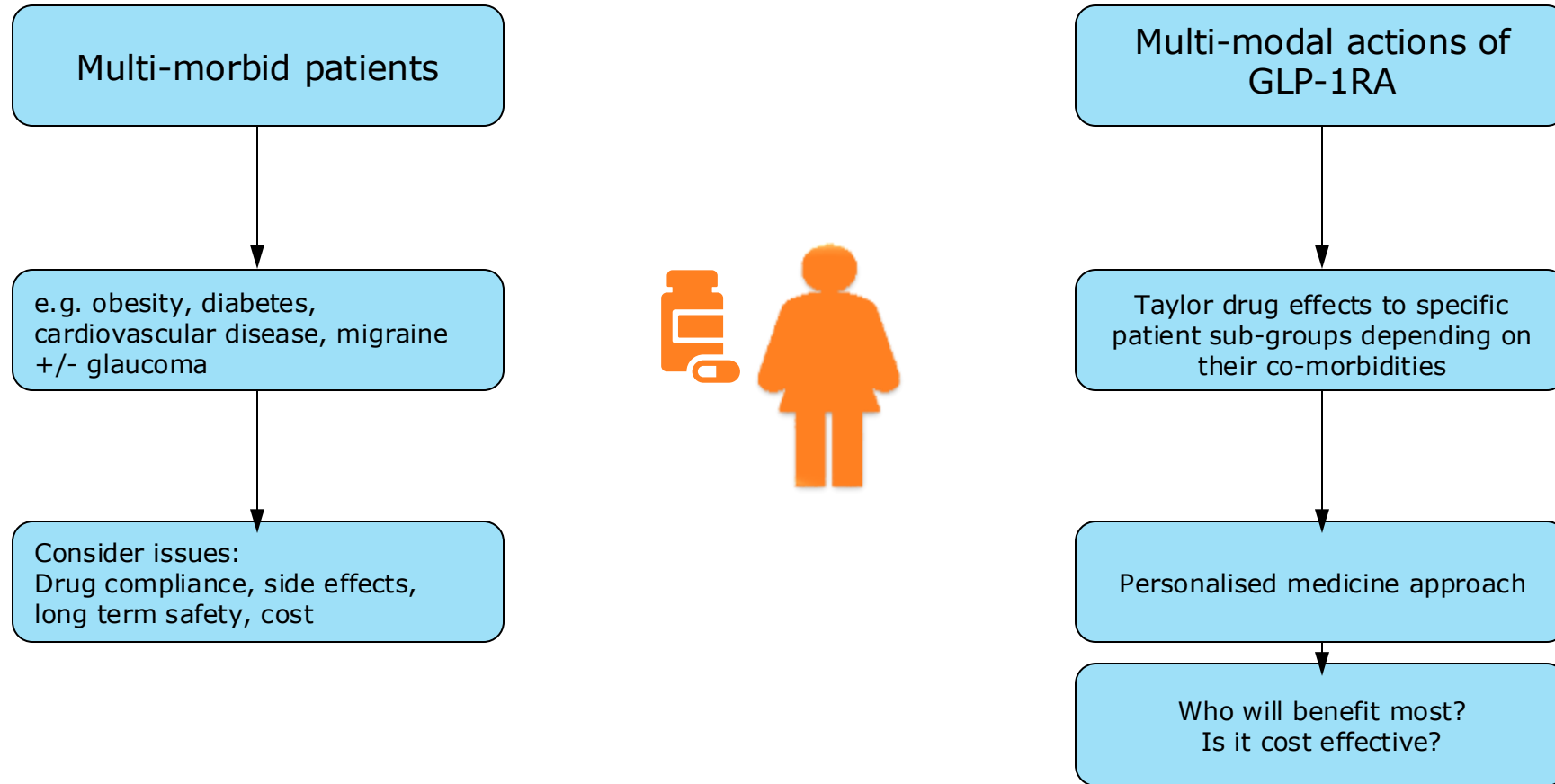


‘Neuropathic pain’



Raised Intraocular pressure (glaucoma)

Opportunities for personalised medicine



Future

Translation to humans

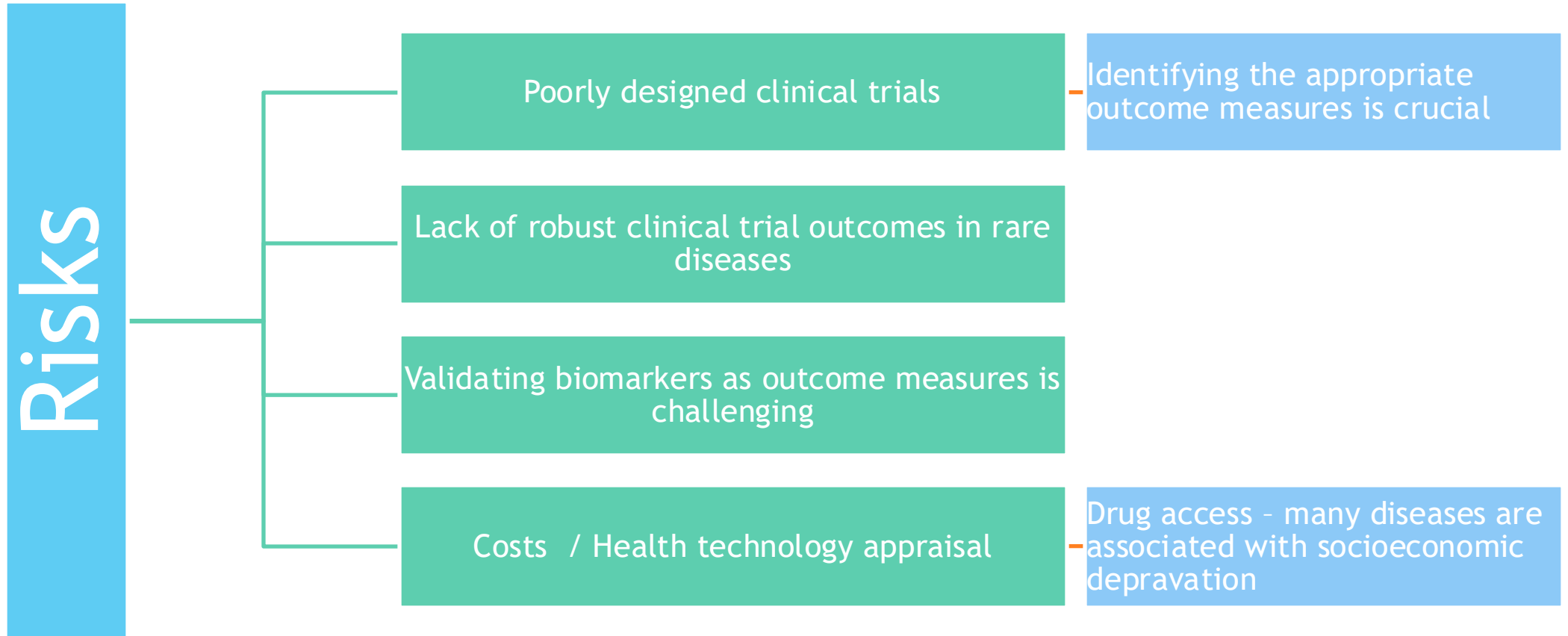
- Need randomised controlled trials

Effect comparability by gender

- Important
 - Many diseases have gender bias
 - A gap in knowledge

Evaluate utility of GLP-1RA to reduce analgesic overuse and opiate use in pain / migraine

Risks



Questions
