

## Office of Carbon Management Technologies Overview

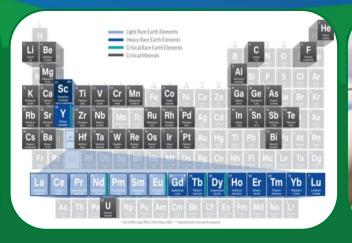
#### **Amishi K. Claros**

ACTING DIRECTOR, DIVISION OF OF CARBON DIOXIDE REMOVAL & CONVERSION OFFICE OF FOSSIL ENERGY AND CARBON MANAGEMENT

February 27, 2023









## Fossil Energy and Carbon Management (FECM)

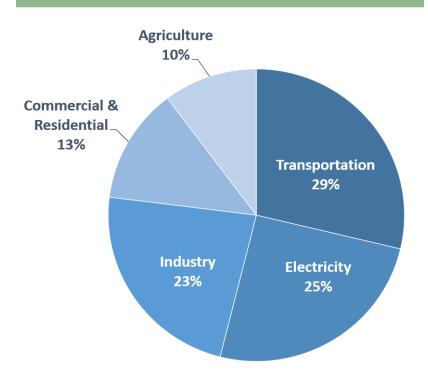
#### **Office of Fossil Energy and Carbon Management**

DOE-FE is now DOE-FECM

New name for our office reflects our **new vision** 

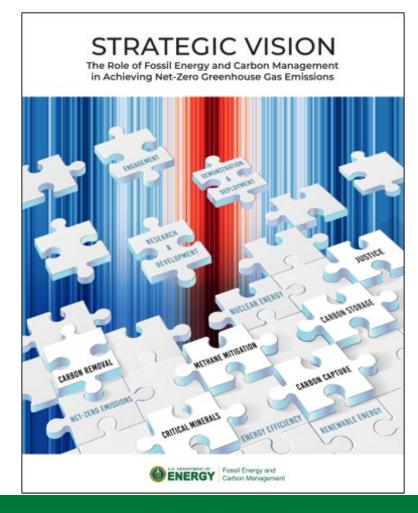
- President Biden's goals:
  - 50% emissions reduction by 2030
  - CO<sub>2</sub> emissions-free power sector by 2035
  - Net zero emissions economy by no later than 2050

# Total U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions by Economic Sector in 2019



U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (2021). Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990-2019

## **A Vision for Carbon Management**



A carbon management framework that will guide FECM's engagement with offices across the Department, Federal agencies, tribal and international governments, industry, non-governmental organizations, and communities

#### **Advancing Justice, Labor, and Engagement**

**Priorities:** Justice, labor, and international and domestic partnerships

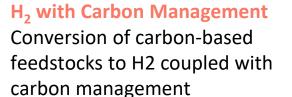
## Advancing Carbon Management Approaches Toward Deep Decarbonization

**Priorities:** Point-source carbon capture (PSC), carbon dioxide conversion, carbon dioxide removal (CDR), and reliable carbon transport and storage

## Advancing Technologies that Lead to Sustainable Energy Resource

**Priorities:** Hydrogen with carbon management, domestic critical minerals (CM) production, and methane mitigation







Carbon Dioxide Removal
Removal of atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> and durable store



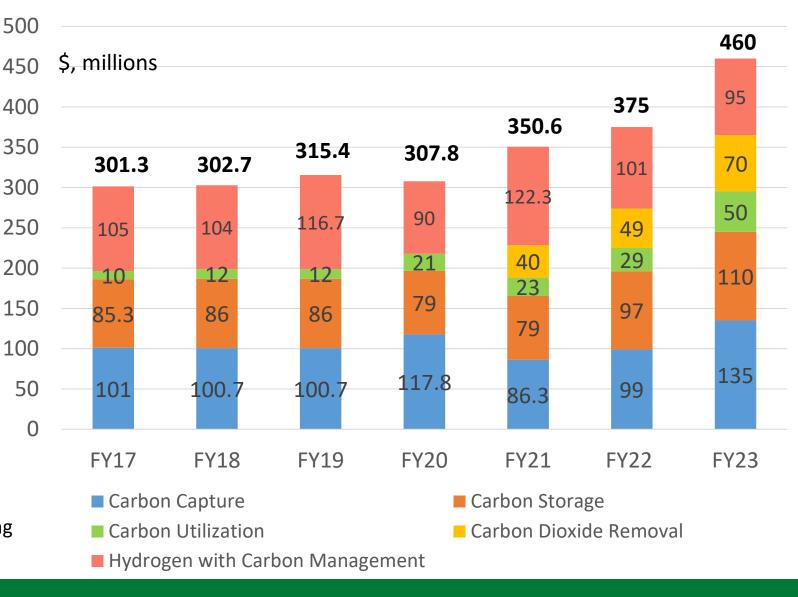
Carbon Conversion/Utilization Conversion of CO<sub>2</sub> to valueadded products



Carbon Storage and Transport
Safe, cost- effective, and
permanent geologic storage of
CO<sub>2</sub>



Carbon Capture
Capturing CO<sub>2</sub> from new and existing industrial and power plants



### **BIL Carbon Management Provisions**

#### **Carbon Dioxide Removal - Direct Air Capture**

Regional Direct Air Capture Hubs: \$3.5 billion DAC Technology Prize Competition: \$115 million

#### Carbon Capture, Utilization and Storage (CCUS)

Integrated CCUS Demos: \$2.537 billion Carbon Capture Large Pilots: \$937 million

#### **Carbon Dioxide Utilization and Storage**

Carbon Storage Validation and Testing: \$2.5 billion Carbon Utilization Program: \$310 million

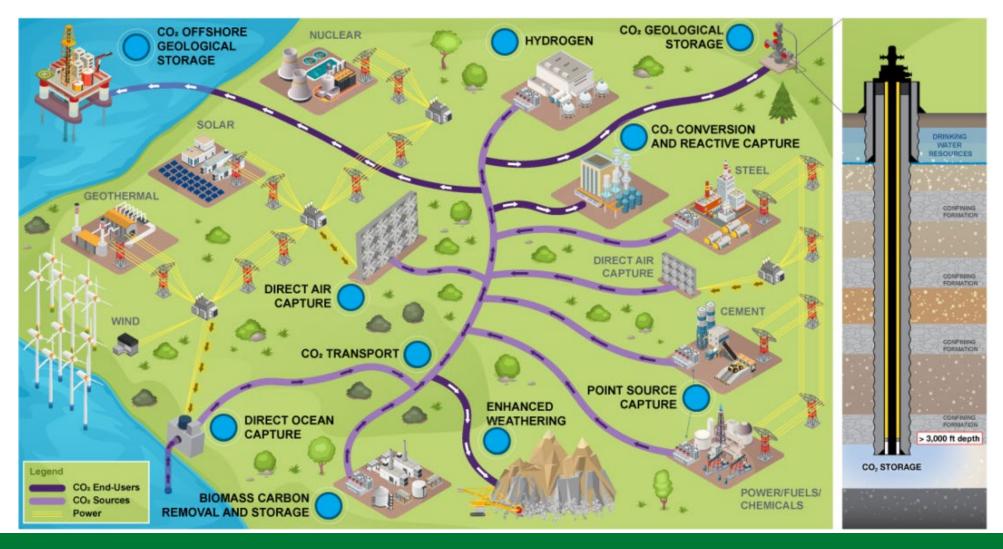
# **Carbon Dioxide Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Program Account (CIFIA)**

Loan Programs and Future Growth Grants: \$2.1 billion

#### **Front-End Engineering Design Studies**

Carbon Capture Technology Program (Transport Infrastructure): \$100 million

## **Decarbonization and the Industrial Ecosystem**



## **Capture Technologies — Diversity of CO<sub>2</sub> Streams**

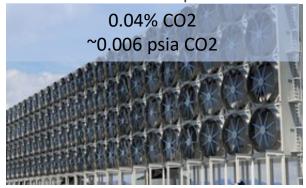
Coal Power Plant



Gas Power Plant



**Direct Air Capture** 



Hydrogen Plant



**NG Processing Plant** 



**Ammonia Plant** 



**Ethanol Plant** 

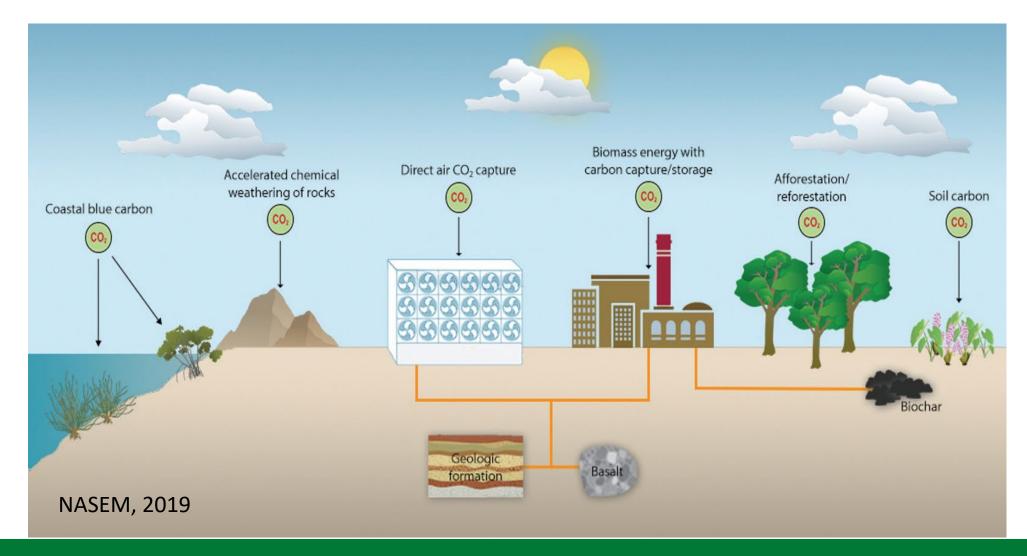


**Cement Plant** 



Cost of Capturing CO<sub>2</sub> from Industrial Sources, 2022, DOE/NETL-2013/1602

#### **Carbon Dioxide Removal**

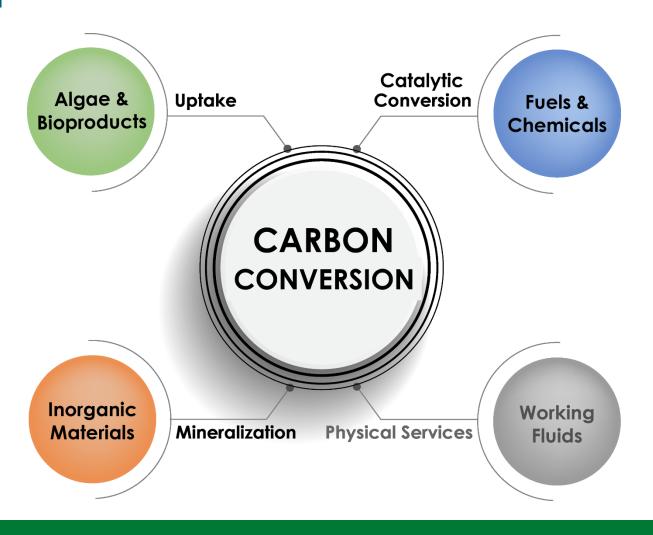


# **Carbon Negative Shot: Key Performance Elements**

Carbon Negative Shot's key performance elements will guide a responsible industry that is responsive to the climate crisis, such that multiple true, durable removal pathways can be deployed at their most affordable cost at the scale required to address the climate crisis.

- Less than \$100/net metric ton CO<sub>2</sub>e for both capture and storage
- Robust accounting of full life cycle emissions
- High-quality, durable storage with costs demonstrated for MRV for at least 100 years
- Enables necessary gigaton-scale removal

# **Carbon Conversion/Utilization Program**



#### **Challenges**

- Scale & Rate of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions relative to of CO<sub>2</sub> conversion
- Determining economic viability and environmental impact requires significant resources -> very place-based
  - Technical viability is relatively easy to qualify
- Sweet spot of low carbon & low-cost energy like electricity, CO<sub>2</sub> sources, markets, and transportation between it all

# DOE/NETL CO2U LCA Guidance Toolkit

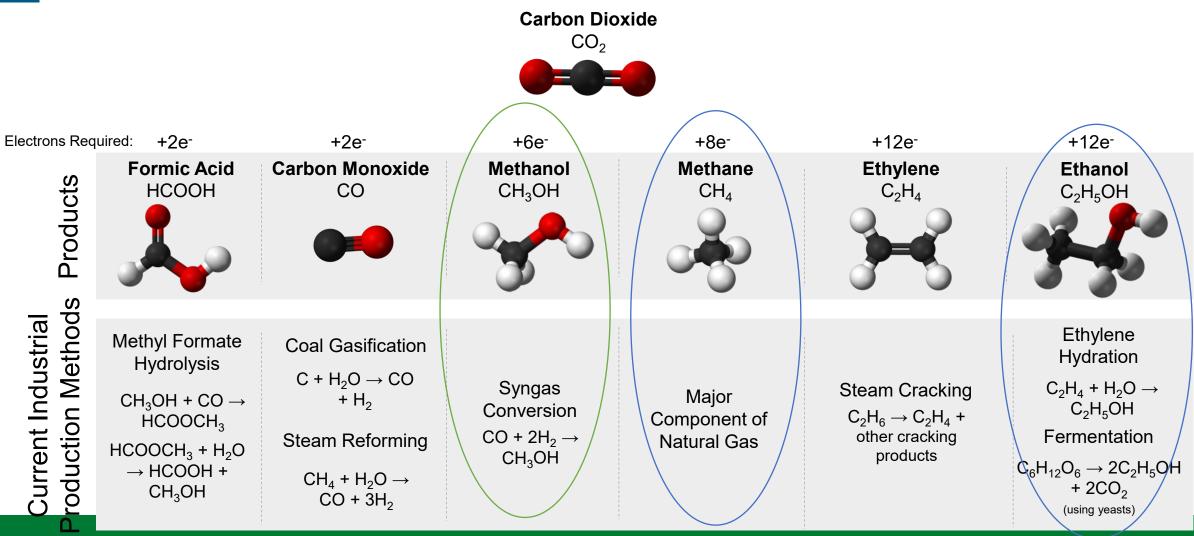
- CO2 utilization LCA guidance and tool package for Carbon Utilization Program primary research projects
- LCA guidance, open source LCA software (openLCA), NETL data, and results reporting tools
- An openLCA database has been populated with data and an example to help conduct LCA within the openLCA software
- An Excel tool has been created to take openLCA results and translate them into stacked bar charts for results communication







## CO<sub>2</sub>: A Potential Reactant to Platform Chemicals



## SEC. 40302 of BIL

Directs the Secretary to establish a program for eligible entities ...to submit ....an application.... An eligible entity shall use a grant received to procure and use commercial or industrial products that

- (i) use or are derived from anthropogenic carbon oxides; and
- (ii) demonstrate significant net reductions in *lifecycle greenhouse* gas emissions compared to incumbent technologies, processes, and products.

https://uscode.house.gov/view.xhtml?hl=false&edition=prelim&req=granuleid%3AUSC-prelim-title42-section16298a&f=treesort&num=0



## **Thank You**

#### **Learn More About Us**

#### The Office of Fossil Energy and Carbon Management

https://www.energy.gov/fecm

#### **Justice & Engagement**

https://www.energy.gov/fecm/justice-engagement-planning-societal-considerations-impacts-fecm-projects

#### **Our Strategic Vision**

https://www.energy.gov/sites/default/files/2022-04/2022-Strategic-Vision-The-Role-of-Fossil-Energy-and-Carbon-Management-in-Achieving-Net-Zero-Greenhouse-Gas-Emissions\_Updated-4.28.22.pdf